

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: US OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Revision date 17-Apr-2023 Revision Number 1

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Name MAE 2:1:0

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) 8898

UN number or ID number UN2922

Synonyms No information available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Industrial use

Laboratory use

Industrial Manufacturing (all)

Restrictions on use No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc. N4335 Temkin Rd. Columbus, WI 53925 USA Phone: (920) 623-2140

Fax: (920) 623-2577 www.columbuschemical.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 for US / 703-527-3887 outside US

Emergency Telephone 911

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 2
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 2
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Oxidizing liquids	Category 3

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

H300 - Fatal if swallowed

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer.



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P210 - Keep away from heat

P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials

P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Precautionary Statements - Response

P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see First-Aid Measures on SDS)

P321 - Specific treatment (see First-Aid Measures on SDS)

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

Precautionary Statements - Storage

P405 - Store locked up

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Unknown acute toxicity

50 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity

50 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity

50 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas)

Other information

No information available.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Not applicable.

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%	Formula	Molecular Weight
Nitric acid	7697-37-2	49-50	HNO₃	63.01 g/mol
Water	7732-18-5	Balance	H ₂ O	18.00 g/mol
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	14-15	HF	20.01 g/mol

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical

attention. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eve wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Skin contact IF ON CLOTHING: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water

before removing clothes. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Self-protection of the first aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Burning sensation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood

pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water. Do not use dry chemicals or foams. CO₂ or Halon may provide limited control. Flood fire area with water from a distance. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Large Fire

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

These substances will accelerate burning when involved in a fire. Some may decompose explosively when heated or involved in a fire. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge

Yes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Oxidizer. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Evacuate personnel

to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See section 8 for more information. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Attention! Corrosive material.

Other information Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc) away from spilled material. DO NOT GET

WATER INSIDE CONTAINERS. Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in

Sections 7 and 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Dike far ahead of spill; use dry sand to contain the flow of material. Absorb or cover with dry

earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Stop leak if you

can do it without risk.

Methods for cleaning upUse a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal. With clean shovel place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area. Flush area with flooding

quantities of water. Prevent product from entering drains.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not breathe vapor or mist. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Protect from moisture. Store away from other materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Nitric acid	STEL: 4 ppm TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 5 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 2 ppm (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³	IDLH: 25 ppm TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 5 mg/m ³ STEL: 4 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 4 ppm (vacated) STEL: 10 mg/m³	STEL: 10 mg/m ³
Hydrogen fluoride	TWA: 0.5 ppm FS*Ceiling: 2 ppm F	TWA: 3 ppm F TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ F (vacated) TWA: 3 ppm F (vacated) TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 6 ppm F	IDLH: 30 ppm IDLH: 250 mg/m³ F Ceiling: 6 ppm 15 min Ceiling: 5 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 2.5 mg/m³

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	ACGIH
Hydrogen fluoride	3 mg/g creatinine - urine (Fluoride) - prior to shift 10 mg/g
	creatinine - urine (Fluoride) - end of shift

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection Chemical resistant apron. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear suitable

protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Impervious clothing.

Respiratory protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated

clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do

No data available

not breathe vapor or mist.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidAppearanceClearColorColorless

Odor No information available Odor threshold No information available

Property Values Remarks • Method No data available pН No data available pH (as aqueous solution) No data available No data available Melting point / freezing point No data available No data available No data available No data available Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point No data available No data available Evaporation rate No data available No data available Flammability No data available No data available Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNo data availableRelative vapor densityNo data availableNo data available

Relative density 1.3300

Water solubility
Solubility(ies)
Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
No data available
No data available
No data available

Kinematic viscosity

No data available

Dynamic viscosity

No data available

No data available

Other information

Explosive properties
Oxidizing properties
No information available
No information available
No information available
No information available

VOC content
Liquid Density
No information available
No information available
No information available

10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity Oxidizer.

Chemical stability May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible materials. Excessive heat. Exposure to air or

moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials Organic material. Combustible material. Hydrocarbons. Acids. Bases. Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Fatal if inhaled. (based on

components). Corrosive by inhalation. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate. Inhaled corrosive substances can lead to a toxic

edema of the lungs. Pulmonary edema can be fatal.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye

damage. (based on components). Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage

including blindness. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Skin contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Fatal in contact with skin.

(based on components). Corrosive. Causes burns.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes burns. (based on

components). Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and respiratory tracts. May cause severe burning pain in the mouth and stomach with vomiting and diarrhea of dark blood. Blood pressure may decrease. Brownish or yellowish stains may be seen around the mouth. Swelling of the throat may cause shortness of breath and choking. May cause lung

damage if swallowed. Fatal if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Redness. Burning. May cause

blindness.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 16.70 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 16.70 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas) 1,609.6250 ppm
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 99,999.00 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 0.1462 mg/l

Unknown acute toxicity

50 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity

50 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity

50 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas)

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Nitric acid	-	-	= 2500 ppm (Rat) 1 h
Water	>90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-
Hydrogen fluoride	-	-	= 0.79 mg/L (Rat) 1 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes severe skin burns and eye

damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye damage. Causes

burns

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Target organ effects Respiratory system, Eyes, Skin, Teeth.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.

Interactive effects No information available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Nitric acid	-	96h LC50: = 72 mg/L (Gambusia affinis)	-	-
Hydrogen fluoride	-	-	-	48h EC50: = 270 mg/L
				(Daphnia species)

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Nitric acid	-2.3
Hydrogen fluoride	-1.4

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local

regulations.

California Hazardous Waste Status This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as

a hazardous waste.

14. Transport information

DOT Regulated
UN number or ID number UN2922

Proper shipping nameCorrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group II
DOT Marine Pollutant No

TDG Regulated
UN number or ID number UN2922

UN proper shipping nameCorrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group II

ICAO (air) Regulated
UN number or ID number UN2922

UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group II

IATA Regulated
UN number or ID number UN2922

UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group II

<u>IMDG</u> Regulated

UN number or ID number UN2922

UN proper shipping nameCorrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group II

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

TSCA Complies. DSL/NDSL Complies.

EINECS/ELINCS
Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Nitric acid 7697-37-2	1.0
Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Nitric acid	1000 lb	-	-	X
Hydrogen fluoride	100 lb	-	-	Χ

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Nitric acid	1000 lb	1000 lb	RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Hydrogen fluoride	100 lb	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Nitric acid	X	X	X
Water	-	-	X
Hydrogen fluoride	X	X	X

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. Other information

NFPA Health hazards 4 Flammability 0 Instability 1 Special hazards OX HMIS Health hazards 4* Flammability 0 Physical hazards 1 Personal protection X

Chronic Hazard Star Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Revision date 17-Apr-2023

Revision Note No information available.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet